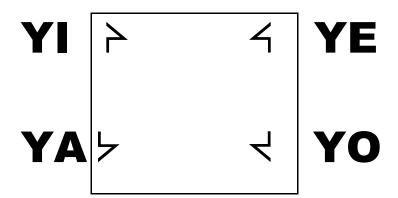


Lesson 10

THE CONSONANT (Y)



nīya σϟ I
kiskeyihtam P∩٩ト"CC he knows
e ayāyān ∇ ◁দ்দৈ as I am
mīyo Γ∀ good
āsay ◁ト ready

1.	What do you remember	of yesterday's lesson?			
	What is the sound	I of (s)?			
	Where is the (s) s	ound used? Think of the four places.			
	1)	a vowel			
	2)	a vowel			
	3) at th	e of a syllable			
	4) at th	e of a word			
	Write the (s) syllables wh	nich use the short vowels.			
	(Eng	glish letters)			
	(Syll	abics)			
Write all the (s) syllables which use the long vowels (English letters)					
		(Syllabics)			
	Write the final (s) in sylla	bics			
	When (s) is used after a	vowel, to which syllable will it belong?			
	Write the English words a yesterday.	and the syllabics for the words we learned			
	ekosi				
	Kisemanito				
	kīsik				
	Cisas				

sīsīp		
ni sākihik		

2. Check your answers with the last page of Lesson 9.

Today we want to learn

1) the consonant - (y)

What is the sound of (y) in Cree?

2) five Cree words: nīya, kiskeyihtam, e ayāyān, mīyo, āsay

Now we want to learn about (y). The sound of (y) is very similar to the English sound of (y) as used in yet, or yes.

3. The sound of (y) is much like the English sound of (y) as used in yet or yes. (Y) is usually used before a vowel. If it is used at the end of a syllable, the sound stays the same. If it is used at the end of a word its sound changes.

We will first learn how the syllables of (y) are used with vowels.

Here are the syllables of (y) which use the short vowels.

	ya	≻ yi	√ yo	
ya	ya	e ayāyan	e a-yā-yan	as you are or have
>	۶	∇ ⊲シシシ	∇ ⟨ ⅓ ⟩ γ >	
yi	yi	ayisiyiniw	a-yi-si-yi-ni-w	a person
7	7	Δ≻۲≻σ°	4 > 4 > σ°	

yo		yo y	otinam/	yo-ti-na-m	he opens it					
7		۲ ،	γUσc	۲						
	Write	e all the sy	yllables of	(y) which use the sho	rt vowels.					
		(English letters)								
			(Syl	labics)						
* * * * 4.				h use the short vowels						
	Also	look at th	e syllables	s of (y) which use the I	ong vowels.					
		ሩ ye	⊱ y	⁄ā ≻ yī	√ yō					
ye	ye	tāpwey	eyimew	tā-pwe-ye-yi-me-w	he believes in him					
4	4	ĊV·4≻¯]°	Ċ V· ≺ ≻ ¬°						
yā	yā	e ayāyā	in	e a-yā-yān	as I am or have					
٢	Ļ	ע ⊲יִּל	.o	دخ خ ⊳ ∇						
yī	yī	iyīniw		i-yī-ni-w	refers to the people					
7	۲	Δ>σ°		Δ > σ°						
yō	yō	yōtin		yō-tin	wind					
4	7	⊀ ∪ɔ		4 U2						
	Write	e all the sy	yllables of	(y) which use the long	y vowels.					
				(English letters)						
				(Syllabics)						

5.	The syllables of (y) which use the long vowels are:

We want to learn one more thing about the (y). Sometimes it is used at the end of a syllable or at the end of a word. When it is used at the end of a word, it is written () in syllabics

Consonant	Before a vowel	After a vowel	End of syllable		Between consonant and vowel
h	h	h	h	h	
С	С			С	
k	k			k	
m	m		m	m	
р	р			р	
n			n	n	
t	t		t	t	
S	S	s	S	S	
у	у		у	у	

Where can the (y) be used?

1)	а	vowel

6. The (y) can be used before a vowel, at the end of a syllable, or at the end of a word. It keeps the same sound as in (yet) or (yes)

	when it	is used at th	e end of a sy	llable. Look a	t this word.
	n	nīyweyihtam	mīy-w	e-yih-tam	he is happy
	What is	the sound o	of (y) when it i	s used at the	end of a syllable?
* * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * * *	* * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * *
7.	When (y	, ,	the end of a	syllable, it so	unds like the (y) in
	Let us w		d (mīyweyihta	am) in syllabio	s. Notice what
	n	nīy-we-yih-ta	ım	L 4. 5., Cc	
		with the sylla		l of the syllab lows it. This is	e before it, but it is s important to
	Write th	e word (mīy	-we-yih-tam)	in syllabics.	
* * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * * *	* * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * *
8.	Mīyweyi	htam is writt	ten this way i	n syllabics:	Γ 4 ·≻"C ^c
	vowel b	,	notice this es		ges the sound of the the (a.y) It finishes off
	ā	say	ā-say	ready	
		i∟ .	۱L.		

	It really changes the sound of the $(\triangleleft, \mathbf{a})$. The sound of (\mathbf{ay}) here is like the sound of (\mathbf{uy}) in the word (buy), or similar to the (\mathbf{y}) in (cry) or (try).
	When the (y) is at the end of the word, what does it do to the sound of the vowel before it?
* * * :	*****
9.	It changes the sound of the vowel before it. It also finishes off the sound of the vowel before it.
	In the word (kekway), what is the sound of (ay) like?
* * * :	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
10.	The sound is like the sound of (uy) in (buy) or as the sound of (y) in (cry) or (try). When the (kway) is used as in (kekway) it uses both the (w) and the (y) signs as (:) in syllabics.
	In the word (āsay), the sound is different yet.
	We will have to listen to someone say the word (āsay) because we really do not have an English word which has this sound.
	What is the sound of (y) when it is used at the end of a syllable?
	What is the sound of (y) when it is used at the end of a word?
* * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
11.	When (y) is used at the end of a syllable, it sounds like the (y) in yes or yet. But when it is used at the end of a word, it may sound

as (y) in yet, or as (uy) in buy, or it may sound different than both of

	these sounds. This sound can also show up in certain names, like					
	Isaiah	Aysayah	⊴ '\৮			
	Now let us look at	the words we want t	o learn today.	They are:		
	nīya	nīya	σ۶	I		
	kiskeyihtam	kis-ke-yih-tam	b∪d≻Cc	he knows		
	e ayāyān	e a-yā-yān	∇ ⊲シシシ	as I am		
	mīyo	mī-yo	L4	good		
	āsay	ā-say	ظ ^ن ہ َ	ready		
	Write these words	on cards and learn	them.			
	What do these ser	ntences say in Englis	sh?			
	∀طہ طاہ ہ	٠		 		
	∧d PYLσ⊃	Pud7		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
* * * *	: * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * *		
12.	7d/ 45 [°] σ>.	says, Oka	ay, I am ready			
	Λd PYLσ⊃ P ⁿ 9≻"(⊂c. says, Only	the loving Go	d knows it.		
	Write the Cree wo	rds in English letters	and also in sy	yllabics.		
	I			_		
	he knows			_		
	as I am			_		
	good			_		
* * * *	ready * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	* * * * * * * * *	 * * * * * * * * * * *		

13.	Check what you have written with frame #10.								
	the sp		eft ope	n. You	_		s time write t e to write alr	•	
Ki-ta	ре	kī-s	i-kaw		ke	mīy-w	e-yih-	tā-k	wahk
				•		⁴ ·			b⋅×
E-kā	ke		mā-to	-yahk	e-kā	ke	ni- pi-	yahk	
				×				×	
Kah-	ki-y	/aw	mī-wa	ı-sin	kih-	ci	kī- si- ko-	was-	kīhk
		° -	⊲.					⊲	×
Tā-pw	⁄e	ki-ta		mī-yo		kī- si-	kaw		
V.					_		•		
Ke m	nī-yo	kī- si-	kaw		wā-pa	ı-ma-ki	Je-sı	ıs	
			°		₫				
Ke	ka-na-	-wā-pa-	-mak	а	-na	kā	pi- mā- ci-	hit	
		.d·							
E :	sa- ki-			-nit	е	kis-	ki -noh-	ta-	hit
 Tā-pw	· ·	ki-ta		 mī-yo		kī-si-k	 āk		

14. Check your answers with the song on page 10 of introduction. How is your memory now on what you have learned today?

What is the s	sound of (y) in Cree?
Write all the	syllables of (y) which use the short vowels.
	(English letters)
	(Syllabics)
Write all the	syllables of (y) which use the long vowels.
	(English letters)
	(Syllabics)
Where can th	ne (y) be used?
1)	a vowel
2)	at the end of
3)	at end of a
What is the s	sound of (y) when it is used at the end of a syllable?
What is the s	sound of (y) when it is used at the end of a word?
Write the fina	al (y) in syllabics
Write the Entroday.	glish words and the syllabics for the words we learned
nīya	
kiskey	ihtam
e ayāy	/ān



THE CONSONANT of (Y)

The sound of (y) is much like the English sound of (y) as used in yet or yes when it is used before a vowel.

The syllables of (y) which use the short vowels are:

The syllables of (y) which use the long vowels are:

The (y) can be used before a vowel, at the end of a syllable, or at the end of a word.

When (y) is used at the end of a syllable, it sounds like the (y) in yes or yet.

The (y) at the end of a syllable belongs to the sound of the syllable before it, but it is written with the syllable which follows it.

When the (y) is used at the end of a word, it may sound as (y) in yet, or as (uy) in buy, or it may sound different than both of these sounds.

The final (y) is written () in syllabics.

The words we learned today are:

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